I.E. "JOSÉLORENZO CORNEJO ACOSTA"

SESIÓN N°: 20

WHAT DID YOU DO YESTERDAY?

Competences:

Read different types of texts written in English as a foreign language.

Write various types of texts written in English as a foreign language.



Good morning students, how are you?

Today, we are going to work with the platform "I learn at home".

(Hoy, vamos a trabajar con la plataforma "Aprendo en casa").

For this we will carry out the following activities:

ACTIVITY:1

Verbs, verbs, verbs!!

LET'S SELF-ASSESS!

Answer these questions:

_	How are you?
-	What did you do yeserday?

WHAT WILL WE DO?

- We will answer the questions.
- We will listen to the audio of the regular and irregular verbs.
- We will watch the videos about regular and irregular verbs in the past simple tense.
- We will look at the grammar of the simple past tense.
- Write a short text telling what you did yesterday in the past simple.
- Represent your text with images.
- Record your voice reading the text that you have written.

DAST SIMPLE TENSE

LET'S SELF-ASSESS!

Focus on its original form, its past simple form, and its meaning in Spanish.

Verbos regulares en su forma original y en pasado simple		Significado en Castellano	Verbos irregulares en su forma original y en pasado simple		Significado en Castellano
1.	arrive - arrived	llegar	1.	be - was / were	ser / estar
2.	ask - ask ed	preguntar	2.	become - became co	onvertirse / volvers
3.	believe - believed	creer	3.	begin - began	empezar
4.	blame - blam ed	culpar	4.	bring - brought	traer
5.	call - called	llamar	5.	build - built	construir
6.	change - chang ed	cambiar	6.	buy - bought	comprar
7.	consider - considered	considerar	7.	come - came	venir
8.	continue - continued	continuar	8.	do - did	hacer
9.	create - created	crear	9.	drive - drove	manejar
10.	cry - cried	llorar	10.	fall - fell	caer
11.	discover - discovered	descubrir	11.	feel - felt	sentir
12.	follow - followed	seguir	12.	find - found	encontrar
13.	happen - happen ed	suceder / ocurrir		get - got	obtener
14.	help - help ed	ayudar		give - gave	dar
15.	kick - kick ed	patear	15.	go - went	ir
16.	laugh - laugh ed	reir	16.	have - had	tener
17.	learn - learn ed	aprender	17.	hear - heard	oir
18.	like - like d	gustar	18.	hold - held	sostener
19.	listen - listen ed	escuchar	19.	keep - kept	mantener
20.	live - lived	vivir	20.	know - knew	saber
21.	lock - locked	encerrar	21.	leave - left	salir / dejar
22.	look - look ed	mirar	22.	let - let	permitir
23.	love - loved	amar	23.	lose - lost	perder
24.	move - moved	mover	24.	make - made	hacer
25.	need - need ed	necesitar	25.	meet - met	reunirse
26.	open - open ed	abrir	26.	pay - paid	pagar
27.	pick - pick ed	escoger / recoger	27.	read - read	leer
	play - play ed	jugar	28.	run - run	correr
	pretend - pretended	pretender	29.	say - said	decir
	push - push ed	empujar		see - saw	mirar
	realize - realiz ed	darse cuenta de		send - sent	enviar
	remember - remembered	recordar		sing - sang	cantar
	start - started	empezar		sit - sat	sentarse
	stay - stay ed	quedarse	_	sleep - slept	dormir
	stop - stop ped	detener		speak - spoke	hablar
	talk - talk ed	hablar		spend - spent	gastar
	treat - treated	tratar		spread - spread	propagar
	try - tr ied	intentar	_	stand up - stood up	pararse
	use - use d	usar		steal - stole	robar
	. wait - wait ed	esperar		take - took	tomar
	walk - walk ed	caminar		tell - told	decir
	want - want ed	querer		think - thought	pensar
	watch - watched	mirar		understand - understood	
44	work - worked	trabajar	44.	win - won	ganar

Listen to the audio.

You can also **watch the following videos** about regular and irregular verbs in the past simple.

https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=moYDA4jbPy4&t=281s

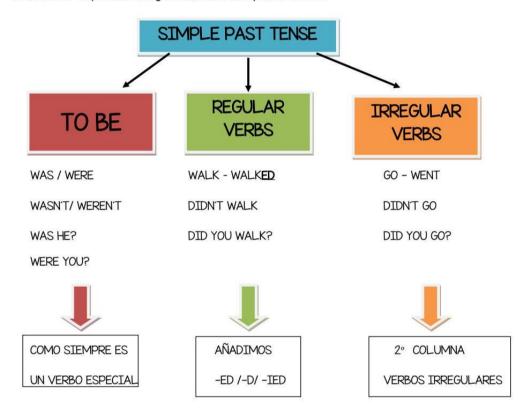
https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=765SDmexF 4

PAST SIMPLE TENSE (PASADO SIMPLE)

En inglés se usa el pasado simple para:

- Hablar sobre acciones que empiezan y terminan en el pasado
 - o I bought a new car yesterday (BUY)
 - o My dad washed the dishes last night. (WASH)
 - o They were at school last year (BE (ARE))
- Acciones que suceden una tras otra en el pasado (cuando contamos una historia)
 - Once upon a time, there was a beautiful princess who lived in a big castle. One day, an
 ugly prince came to the castle because he wanted to get married with the princess,
 but the king and the queen said no way.

Para utilizar el pasado en inglés existen tres tipos de verbos:



PRACTISE*

Put the verbs into the correct form (simple past).

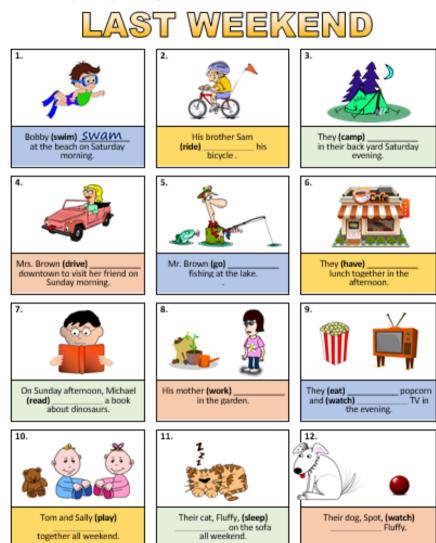
- 1. Last year I (spent) my holyday in Cusco.
- 2. It (be) great.
- 3. He (write) a letter two days ago.
- 4. She (take) me to the cinema yesterday.
- 5. The cat (eat) all the fish from the table.

NAME:	DATE:
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GRAMMAR WORKSHEET

PAST SIMPLE: REGULAR & IRREGULAR

Use the past simple to complete the sentences.



ACTIVITY: 2

DO IT YOURSELF! - D.I.Y.

LET'S CREATE!

What did you do yesterday?

- \checkmark Write a short text telling what you did yesterday in the past simple.
- ✓ Represent your text with images.

together all weekend.

✓ Record your voice reading the text that you have written.

LET'S SHARE!

Muestra todo lo que has hecho a los miembros de tu familia y a tu profesor(a) si están en contacto.



REMEMBER!!

- Be creative.
- Organize what is produced using the material you have at your fingertips.
- Don't forget to save your production in the portfolio.
- Then you will use this again information.

ORGANIZE YOUR ENGLISH PORTFOLIO OR YOUR ENGLISH NOTEBOOK.